In the United States Court of Federal Claims

OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS No. 20-72V UNPUBLISHED

DEBRA S. DEYOUNG,

Petitioner,

٧.

SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES.

Respondent.

Chief Special Master Corcoran

Filed: December 6, 2021

Special Processing Unit (SPU); Damages Decision Based on Proffer; Influenza (Flu) Vaccine; Shoulder Injury Related to Vaccine Administration (SIRVA)

Glen H. Sturtevant, Jr., Rawls Law Group (Richmond), Richmond, VA, for Petitioner.

Adriana Ruth Teitel, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for Respondent.

DECISION AWARDING DAMAGES¹

On January 23, 2020, Debra S. DeYoung filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, *et seq.*² (the "Vaccine Act"). Petitioner alleges that she suffered a shoulder injury related to vaccine administration (SIRVA) resulting from an influenza (flu) vaccine administered to her on October 3, 2018. Petition at 1. The case was assigned to the Special Processing Unit of the Office of Special Masters.

On August 4, 2021, a ruling on entitlement was issued, finding Petitioner entitled to compensation for SIRVA. On December 6, 2021, Respondent filed a proffer on award of compensation ("Proffer") indicating Petitioner should be awarded \$102,500.00. Proffer at 1. In the Proffer, Respondent represented that Petitioner agrees with the proffered

¹ Because this unpublished Decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, I am required to post it on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services). **This means the Decision will be available to anyone with access to the internet.** In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), Petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, I agree that the identified material fits within this definition, I will redact such material from public access.

² National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all section references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa (2012).

award. *Id.* at 2. Based on the record as a whole, I find that Petitioner is entitled to an award as stated in the Proffer.

Pursuant to the terms stated in the attached Proffer, I award Petitioner a lump sum payment of \$102,500.00 in the form of a check payable to Petitioner. This amount represents compensation for all damages that would be available under Section 15(a).

The clerk of the court is directed to enter judgment in accordance with this decision.³

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Brian H. Corcoran

Brian H. Corcoran Chief Special Master

³ Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by the parties' joint filing of notice renouncing the right to seek review.

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF FEDERAL CLAIMS OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

DEBRA S. DEYOUNG,

Petitioner,

v.

SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES,

Respondent.

No. 20-72V Chief Special Master Corcoran (SPU) ECF

RESPONDENT'S PROFFER ON AWARD OF COMPENSATION

On January 23, 2020, Debra DeYoung ("petitioner") filed a petition for compensation under the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, as amended ("the Vaccine Act" or "the Act"), 42 U.S.C. §§ 300aa-1 to -34. Petitioner alleges she suffered a "debilitating shoulder injury related to the vaccine administration with resulting chronic pain and decreased range of motion in her right shoulder and arm" as a result of a flu vaccine she received on October 3, 2018. Petition at 1.

On July 27, 2021, the Secretary of Health and Human Services ("respondent") filed a Rule 4(c) Report indicating that this case is appropriate for compensation under the terms of the Act for a shoulder injury related to vaccine administration ("SIRVA") Table injury, and on August 4, 2021, the Chief Special Master issued a Ruling on Entitlement finding petitioner entitled to compensation. ECF Nos. 28 and 29.

I. <u>Items of Compensation</u>

Respondent proffers that petitioner should be awarded \$102,500.00 for pain and suffering. See 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(a)(4). Petitioner agrees. This amount represent all

elements of compensation to which petitioner is entitled under 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(a).

Petitioner agrees.

II. Form of the Award

Petitioner is a competent adult. Evidence of guardianship is not required in this case.

Respondent recommends that the compensation provided to petitioner should be made through a lump sum payment as described below and requests that the Chief Special Master's decision and the Court's judgment award the following: a lump sum payment of \$102,500.00, in the form of a check payable to petitioner.¹

Respectfully submitted,

BRIAN M. BOYNTON Acting Assistant Attorney General

C. SALVATORE D'ALESSIO Acting Director Torts Branch, Civil Division

HEATHER L. PEARLMAN **Deputy Director** Torts Branch, Civil Division

DARRYL R. WISHARD **Assistant Director** Torts Branch, Civil Division

s/ Adriana Teitel **ADRIANA TEITEL** Trial Attorney Torts Branch, Civil Division U.S. Department of Justice P.O. Box 146, Benjamin Franklin Station Washington, DC 20044-0146

Tel: (202) 616-3677

Email: adriana.teitel@usdoj.gov

Dated: December 6, 2021

¹ Should petitioner die prior to entry of judgment, the parties reserve the right to move the Court for appropriate relief. In particular, respondent would oppose any award for future lost earnings and future pain and suffering.